

## Unit 2 LT 4 Practice Day 1

Use synthetic division to find all zeros of the polynomial function. Then, rewrite the function in factored form.

1.)  $f(x) = x^3 - 7x + 6; (x = -3)$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -3 & 1 & 0 & -7 & 6 \\ & & -3 & 9 & -18 \\ \hline & 1 & -3 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - 3x + 2$$

$$(x-2)(x-1)$$

Factored Form:  $(x+3)(x-2)(x-1)$

Zero(s):  $x = -3, 2, 1$

2.)  $f(x) = 5x^2 - 17x - 12; (x-4) (5x+3)$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrr} 4 & 5 & -17 & -12 \\ & & 20 & 12 \\ \hline & 5 & -3 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$5x + 3 = 0$$

Factored Form:  $(x-4)$

Zero(s):  $x = 4, -3/5$

3.)  $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 - 4x - 16$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 2 & 1 & 4 & -4 & -16 \\ & & 2 & 12 & 16 \\ \hline & 1 & 6 & 8 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 + 6x + 8$$

$$(x+4)(x+2)$$

Factored Form:  $(x-2)(x+4)(x+2)$

Zero(s):  $x = 2, -4, -2$

4.) The volume of a rectangular prism is  $4x^3 + 16x^2 - 23x - 15$ . Find the length and width if the height is  $(x+5)$ .

Write your answer in factored form.

$$\frac{(\quad)(\quad)(x+5) = 4x^3 + 16x^2 - 23x - 15}{x+5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5 \overline{) 4 \ 16 \ -23 \ -15} \\ \underline{4 \ 16 \ -20 \ 15} \\ \phantom{4 \ 16 \ -20} 3 \ 15 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2 \\ 6 \overline{) -2} \\ \underline{4} \end{array}$$

$$4x^2 - 4x - 3 = 0$$

$$4x^2 + 6x - 2x - 3$$

$$2x(2x+3) - 1(2x+3)$$

$$\boxed{(2x+3)(2x-1)} \leftarrow \text{length + width}$$

5.) The area of a rectangle is  $2x^4 - 8x^3 + 13x^2 - 28x + 21$ . Find the length if the width is  $(x-1)$ . Write your answer in factored form.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \overline{) 2 \ -8 \ 13 \ -28 \ 21} \\ \underline{2 \ -6 \ 7 \ -21} \\ \phantom{2 \ -6 \ 7} 0 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{2x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x - 21} \leftarrow \text{length}$$

$$2x^2(x-3) + 7(x-3)$$

$$\boxed{(2x^2+7)(x-3)} \leftarrow \text{factored form}$$

6.) Find the key information and graph the following function.

$$f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 8$$

Degree 3

Zero(s):  $x = -1$   $x = 2$   $x = 4$

Relative Max:  $(2, 8.2)$

Relative Min:  $(3.1, -4.1)$

End Behavior:  $x \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$   
 $x \rightarrow -\infty$   $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

