

Convert each degree measure to radians and each radian measure to degrees.

1.)  $125^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}$

$$\frac{25\pi}{36}$$

2.)  $1.75 \cdot \frac{180}{\pi}$

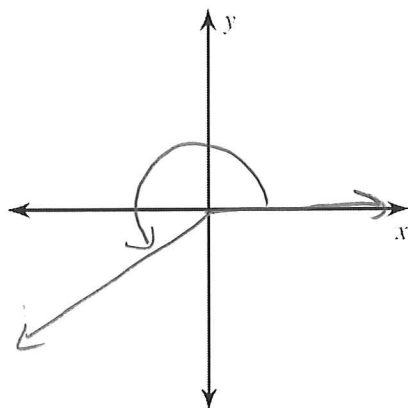
$$100.27^\circ$$

3.)  $\frac{5\pi}{9} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi}$

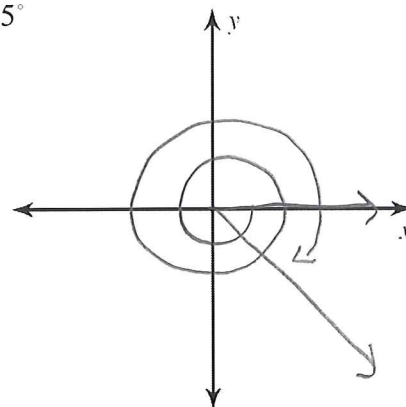
$$100^\circ$$

Sketch the angle in standard position. Don't forget to draw an arrow for the direction. Then state one positive and one negative angle that are co-terminal to the angle given.

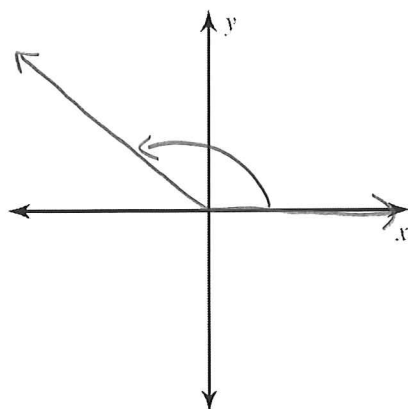
4.)  $247^\circ$

Positive:  $607^\circ$ Negative:  $-113^\circ$ 

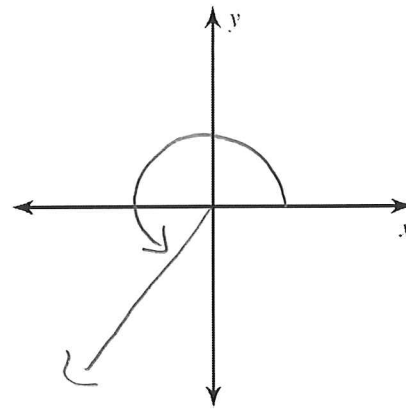
5.)  $-735^\circ$

Positive:  $345^\circ$ Negative:  $-1095^\circ / -375^\circ / -15^\circ$ 

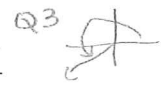
6.)  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

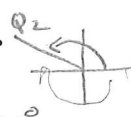
Positive:  $\frac{11\pi}{4}$ Negative:  $-\frac{5\pi}{4}$ 

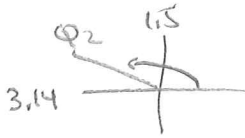
7.)  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$

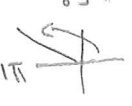
Positive:  $\frac{10\pi}{3}$ Negative:  $-\frac{2\pi}{3}$


Find the reference angle for the following angles.


8.)  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$    
 $\frac{5\pi}{4} - \pi = \frac{\pi}{4}$

9.)  $-235^\circ \rightarrow 125^\circ$    
 $180 - 125 = 55^\circ$

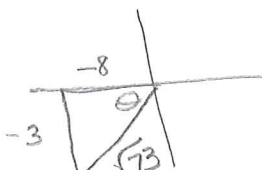
10.) 2.4   
 $\pi - 2.4 = 0.74$

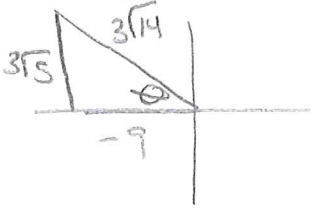
11.)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$    
 $\pi - \frac{5\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{6}$

12.)  $645^\circ$   
 $285^\circ$    
 $360 - 285 = 75^\circ$

13.)  $-695^\circ$   
 $25^\circ$    
 $25^\circ$

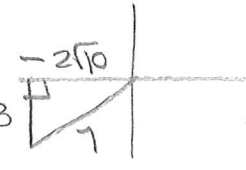
Find the six trig functions given the following information.

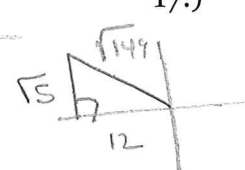
14.)  $(-8, -3)$    
 $(-8)^2 + (-3)^2 = r^2$   
 $73 = r^2$   
 $\sqrt{73} = r$

15.)  $(-9, 3\sqrt{5})$    
 $(-9)^2 + (3\sqrt{5})^2 = r^2$   
 $126 = r^2$   
 $3\sqrt{14} = r$

$\sin \theta = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{73}}$	$\csc \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{73}}{3}$
$\cos \theta = \frac{-8}{\sqrt{73}}$	$\sec \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{73}}{8}$
$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{8}$	$\cot \theta = \frac{8}{3}$

$\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{14}}$	$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{14}}$	$\csc \theta = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}}$
$-\frac{9}{3\sqrt{14}}$	$\cos \theta = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{14}}$	$\sec \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{14}}{3}$
$\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{-9}$	$\tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$	$\cot \theta = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$

16.)  $\sec A = \frac{-7}{2\sqrt{10}}$   $\pi < \theta < \frac{3\pi}{2}$    
 $r^2 = (-2\sqrt{10})^2 + 9$   
 $9 = y^2$   $y = -3$

17.)  $\tan B = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{12}$   $90^\circ < \theta < 180^\circ$  

$\sin A = -\frac{3}{7}$	$\csc A = -\frac{7}{3}$
$\cos A = \frac{-2\sqrt{10}}{7}$	$\sec A = -\frac{7}{2\sqrt{10}}$
$\tan A = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{10}}$	$\cot A = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{3}$

$(\sqrt{5})^2 + 12^2 = r^2$   
 $149 = r^2$   
 $\sqrt{149} = r$

$\sin B = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{149}}$	$\csc B = \frac{\sqrt{149}}{\sqrt{5}}$
$\cos B = \frac{-12}{\sqrt{149}}$	$\sec B = -\frac{\sqrt{149}}{12}$
$\tan B = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{12}$	$\cot B = -\frac{12}{\sqrt{5}}$